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(Pages : 4)

K – 2131

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2021

Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS

English

**Complementary Course for Journalism and Mass Communication and
Video Production**

EN 1331.3 : CREATIVE WRITING

(2013, 2015 – 18 Admission)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Answer all questions, each in a word or sentence

1. Who is the author of the poem "Home Burial"?
2. What is an Ode?
3. Who is the only Indian writer who won the Nobel Prize for Literature?
4. Who introduced the sonnet form into English?
5. Which poetic form was part of the oral tradition?
6. To which country does Wole Soyinka belong?
7. Who wrote under the pen name Saki?
8. Name the narrator of most of the Sherlock Holmes stories.
9. Who is the French master of the short story form?
10. Who created the fictional town of Malgudi?

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

P.T.O.

II. Answer **any eight**, each in a short paragraph not exceeding **50** words.

11. What is a sonnet?
12. What is a pastoral elegy?
13. What is an epic?
14. What is a satire?
15. What is 'O. Henry twist'?
16. What is subjective poetry?
17. Give two reasons for the popularity of animal stories.
18. Why does detective fiction attract readers?
19. What is free verse?
20. What do you mean by imagery?
21. What is science fiction?
22. What is characterization?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer **any six**, each in a paragraph not exceeding **100** words.

23. Bring out the features of the dramatic monologue.
24. Write a brief note on setting of a literary work.
25. Distinguishing features of the novel.
26. The contributions of Arthur Conan Doyle.

27. Differentiate between first person and third person points of view.
28. Describe the origin and development of detective fiction.
29. Science fiction as social criticism.
30. How does children's fiction impart values and morality?
31. What are the major components of a film review?

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Answer **any two**, each in about **300** words.

32. Write a review of an English movie you watched.
33. Make a review of a book you have recently read.
34. Attempt a short story on the theme "Unexpected events on an ordinary day".
35. Make a critical appreciation of the following poem in about two pages.

The monkey-show is on:
patient girl on haunches
holds the strings,
a baby in her arms.

Two tiny monkeys
in red and purple pantaloons
prepare to dance.
Crowd collects,
forms a circle.

Naked to the waist,
the Master of the Ceremonies
drums frenzy, cracks whip,
calls the tricks
to earn applause and copper coins.

The circle thickens as the plot thickens,
children laugh, the untouchable women
smooth their hair. A coolie
grins at me, his white teeth
gleam in the sunlight.

Only the monkeys are sad,
and suddenly
the baby begins to cry.
Anticipating time for payment, the crowd dissolves.
Some, in shame, part
with the smallest coin they have.
The show moves on.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

(Pages : 4)

K – 2537

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2021

Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Group 2 (a) : Journalism and Mass Communication and Video Production

Core Course IV

JC 1341 : MAGAZINE JOURNALISM

(2019 Admission Regular)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART – A

Answer/Explain all terms in a maximum of 30 words.

1. Define magazine.
2. Define little magazine.
3. What is house journal?
4. Tabloid Journalism
5. Frontline magazine
6. Editorial page
7. Film Review
8. Cartoon

P.T.O.

9. White Space
10. Photo feature

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

PART – B

Write short notes, each not exceeding **60** words, on any **eight** of the following.

11. What is article?
12. What is typography?
13. Define caption.
14. What is Adobe InDesign?
15. What is feature writing?
16. What is e-magazine?
17. Define sidebar?
18. What is cover story?
19. Define columns?
20. What is Web-Zines?
21. Define center spread.
22. What is special interest magazine
23. Name any two online magazines.
24. What is cover page?
25. Adobe Photoshop
26. What is Lead?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

PART – C

Write short essays, each not exceeding 120 words, on any six of the following.

27. Discuss on agricultural Magazines.
28. Explain the origin and history of magazines in India.
29. List the software's used for magazine designing.
30. Describe the design formats for magazine.
31. What are the functions of computer page make-up?
32. Explain the types of lead.
33. Explain general interest magazines.
34. What are the qualities of magazine editor?
35. What is the use of white space in magazine?
36. Explain hour glass style.
37. Differentiate news writing and feature writing.
38. Explain research journals.

(6 x 4 = 24 Marks)

PART – D

Write long essays for any two of the following.

39. Differentiate between newspaper journalism and magazine journalism.
40. Explain various types of magazines with examples
41. Describe the current trends in magazine journalism.

42. Contemporary women magazines are not serious about covering all women related issues. Do you agree? Justify your answer with examples?
43. Write a note on automobile magazines
44. Discuss the significance of travel magazine in recent times.

(2 x 15 = 30 Marks)

(Pages : 4)

K – 2538

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2021

Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS

**Group 2(a) — Journalism and Mass Communication and Video Production
Vocational Course III**

JC 1371 : PHOTO JOURNALISM

(2019 Admission Regular)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART – A

Explain the following terms each in a maximum of **30** words.

1. Box camera
2. Polaroid camera
3. Fixed lens
4. F- stop
5. Caption
6. Contrast
7. Negative
8. Fill light

P.T.O.

9. Exposure
10. Silhouette Photo.

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

PART – B

Write short notes, each not exceeding **60** words, on **any eight** of the following.

11. Camera obscure
12. Interchangeable lens
13. Balance
14. Pixel
15. Trimming
16. ISO
17. UV filter
18. Cropping
19. Foreground
20. Slow shutter speed
21. Film speed
22. Lines
23. Natural light
24. Multi exposure
25. Mid Shot
26. Two shot

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

PART – C

Write short essays, each not exceeding **120** words, on **any six** of the following.

27. Who is considered as a good photojournalist?
28. Explain the 'rule of third law'.
29. Differentiate TLR with SLR.
30. Write a note on types of camera lens.
31. What is the role of a photo editor?
32. List out the various types of values of photography.
33. What are the functions of aperture in a camera?
34. Write a note on action photography.
35. What are the uses of conducting photo exhibitions?
36. Describe the impact of technology on photojournalism.
37. What do you mean by photojournalism?
38. Describe the importance of shutter in photography.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

PART – D

Write long essays for **any two** of the following.

39. Describe the types of photography.
40. All manipulation of photographs is a violation of basic journalistic ethics. Justify.

41. Illustrate the importance of shutter speed in action photography.
42. Explain the photo editing softwares with suitable examples.
43. What are the basic parts of a digital camera?
44. Explain the importance of composition in photography.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

(Pages : 3)

K – 2507

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2021
Career Related First Degree Programme Under CBCSS
Group 2(a) — Journalism and Mass Communication and
Video Production

Foundation Course – II

JC 1321 — RADIO BROADCASTING

(2015 – 2018 Admission)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

SECTION – A

I. Answer the following in **one / two** words or in **one / two** sentences.

1. Expand SW
2. Shot gun mic
3. AIR got this name in the year _____
4. Bed
5. Cut
6. Signature
7. DAW stands for

P.T.O.

8. AIR became Akashvani in the year _____
9. Importance of Pitsburg in Radio broadcasting.
10. News bulletin form AIR was started in the year _____

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

SECTION – B

II. Answer **any eight** questions in about **60** words.

11. Radio talk
12. IBC
13. Satellite radio
14. Community radio
15. Condenser mic
16. Sound forge
17. Fade in and fade off
18. Mini documentary
19. Ribbon mic
20. Radio Rural Forms.
21. Vividh Bliarthi
22. Lavlier mic

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

SECTION – C

III. Answer **any six** of the following, **each** not exceeding **120** words.

23. What is sound effect? What are the purposes of sound effects?
24. Write on Radio Drama production.

25. Radio is comparatively a cheap medium. Explain.
26. Critically compare a Malayalam news bulletin and English one broadcast by AIR.
27. Does community radio serve its purpose? Give your opinion and justify.
28. Your college National Service Scheme plans to start a community radio. What will be the initial steps to decide the contents and pattern of the broadcast?
29. Explain the steps needed for radio interview.
30. Explain the news room operations in a typical radio station.
31. Is Radio necessary nowadays? Impart your opinion.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

SECTION – D

- IV. Write **essays** on any **two** of the following, each one not exceeding **500** words.
32. Prepare a script for a skit of 3 to 5 minute duration on the stray dog issued in your city.
 33. Explain the characteristics of Radio.
 34. What are the things to be kept in mind while writing radio news?
 35. Describe with diagram how a microphone works and what are the various types of microphones.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

(Pages : 4)

K – 2540

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2021

Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Group 2 (a) : Journalism and Mass Communication and Video Production

Complementary Course

EN 1331.3 : CREATIVE WRITING

(2019 Admission Regular)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Answer **all** questions, each in a word or sentence

1. What is an Ode?
2. Name two sonnet forms.
3. Who is the poet known as the 'Wordsworth of America'?
4. What is the theme of the poem 'Telephone Conversation'?
5. What is meant by 'atmosphere' of a story?
6. What is the real name of O.Henry?
7. What are the two most important elements in a detective story?
8. What is the nationality of Agatha Christie?
9. Name the author of *Alice in Wonderland*.
10. Give two examples of an epic.

(10 × 1 = 10 marks)

P.T.O.

II. Answer **any eight** of the following, in a short paragraph not exceeding **50** words

11. What is Dramatic monologue?
12. Define a Sonnet form.
13. Diction in poetry.
14. What is local colour in a short story?
15. Importance of the title in story writing.
16. Language in children's literature.
17. Major contributors to detective fiction.
18. Imparting morals and values through children's fiction.
19. Major contributors to science fiction
20. Element of suspense in detective fiction.
21. Define satire.
22. Use of symbols in poetry.
23. Theme in Wole Soyinka's 'Telephone Conversation'.
24. Symbolism in William Blake's 'The Lamb'.
25. Themes in children's literature.
26. Local colour in Achebe's 'The Voter'.

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer **any six** of the following, in a paragraph not exceeding **100** words.

27. Characteristics of an epic.
28. Imagery in poetry
29. Fantasy as a component in children's fiction.
30. Characterisation in detective fiction
31. Significance of proper title in a short story.
32. What is the Purpose behind a book review?
33. Consider A C Doyle as a major proponent of detective fiction.
34. Illustrate the art of characterisation in short story with examples.
35. What is the objective of a film review?
36. Characteristic features of science fiction.
37. Setting in R K Narayanan's short story.
38. Theme of Robert Frost's 'Home Burial'.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Answer **any two**, each in about **300** words.

39. Prepare a review of a recently released movie.
40. Write a review of a novel by any renowned writer.
41. Write a short story on the theme 'Nostalgia'.
42. Comment on the characteristics of detective fiction with examples.
43. Explain various features of short story writing.

44. Attempt a critical appreciation of the following poem.

(Hints: theme-analysis-metre and rhyme-poetic devices like figures of speech-comments)

The war is won
and I lie waiting and see
my pride flag unfurl
like blood spreading
in this soil that now
we call 'our' land...

The wagons that unload
loss and ruin like weapons
and move further to wreck
more folks and claim
more land like winter...
The seeds the farmers
sown last spring are gone
with mines blown like
a mind's sudden terror...

I lie here waiting like
pain on a wound and
dream of my children
who too are waiting...

You may sit back and
sing those mellow melodies
of blooming valleys:
on which we lie dying...

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A./B.Sc. Degree Examination, March 2021

First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

English – (Language Course)

EN 1311.1/EN 1311.3 : ENGLISH FOR CAREER

(Common for B.A./B.Sc. and Career Related 2(a))

(2019 Admission, Regular)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Answer **all** the following questions. Follow the instructions given in the brackets wherever needed.

1. The correct spelling of the word 'exhibition' is _____
2. The word that is the antonym of "economical" is _____
3. 'Fragrance' is a word related to the sense of _____
4. _____ is the noun form of 'emigrate'.
5. It _____ (be) an honour for him to lead and serve the company.
(Use the correct tense form of the verb in brackets)
6. Do you know where is the church. (Correct the sentence)
7. What number of students are in this class? (Underline the error)
8. The term 'epidemiological' is related to the study of _____

9. How much costs it to buy a diamond necklace?

(Correct the sentence)

10. They had to _____ the meeting yesterday due to the sudden bus strike.

(Use the appropriate phrasal verb which means "cancel or stop")

(a) Call up

(b) Call for

(c) Call off

(d) None of these

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer **any eight** of the following questions.

11. Provide one word substitutes for any two of the phrases

(a) Stood up and applauded

(b) A piece of writing about the writer's journeys to different places

(c) A person who collects stamps

(d) A person who walks in her/his sleep

12. Give the antonyms of two of the following words

(a) convergence

(b) sensibility

(c) unknown

13. Give the synonym of two of the following words

(a) hilarious

(b) outlook

(c) modify

14. Make sentences of your own with any two of the following phrasal verbs
- (a) ran into
 - (b) turned up
 - (c) to make light of
 - (d) made off with
15. Choose the correct option from the brackets :
- (a) The Manager _____ all the claims of the employee and dismissed him. (reputed / refuted).
 - (b) I suppose the headmaster himself will _____ the matter now. (look into / look out for)
16. Fill in the blanks using a collective noun from those given below (band, pride, herd, bunch, clutch) :
- (a) We saw a _____ of elephants moving across the river bed.
 - (b) The rock _____ has been on tour for months.
17. Fill in the blanks using the suitable degree of the adjective given in brackets :
- (a) Lead is _____ than any other metal. (heavy)
 - (b) He thinks he is _____ than his father. (wise)

Correct the error in the words / phrases given in italics :

18. (a) *Poorness* is not an enviable condition.
- (b) Here are the mangoes; please don't *take this* that are rotten.

19. (a) Suman studied in a *girls'* school till her tenth class.
(b) Can you give me some *informations* on the uses of lasers?
20. (a) Environmental degradation is a *pereniel* problem for humans today.
(b) My cousin likes fruits of *forin* countries.
21. (a) Your targets are *to achieving* before the end of this month.
(b) The clothes were all washed and *hanged out* to dry.
22. Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets.

(when, enough, leisurely, rather)

- (a) He is a _____ careless fellow.
(b) These are days _____ no one can have a sense of security.
(c) He was foolish _____ to believe her.
(d) I had a _____ walk.
23. Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets.

(medical, deliberate, grand, constant)

- (a) The battle of Waterloo ended in a _____ victory.
(b) The injured man wants _____ advice.
(c) _____ anxiety has undermined his health.
(d) It is a _____ lie.

Read the paragraph and answer the question given below :

24. The global anti-ageing market is worth at least \$250 billion - an astonishing amount, and it's growing. Anti-ageing treatments are supposedly used to correct 'premature ageing'. But what does this really mean? Surely ageing is just ageing. It is a process that occurs over time- at the time that it's supposed to.

- (i) The word 'premature' is used in the passage to mean :
- (ii) What is meant by the 'anti-ageing market' and what is it worth?

25. We do not know how to manage our machines. Machines were made to be man's servants: yet he has grown so dependent on them that they are in a fair way to become his masters. Already most men spend most of their lives looking after and waiting upon machines. And machines are very stern masters. They must be fed with coal, and given petrol to drink, and oil to wash with, and must be kept at the right temperature, and if they do not get their meals when they expect them, they grow sulky and refuse to work, or burst with rage, and blow up and spread ruin and destruction all around them.

- (i) What has gone wrong in man's handling of machines?
- (ii) What does "stern masters" mean?

26. Bacon calls the riches, the baggage of virtue :

For, as the baggage is to an army, so riches are to virtue. They cannot be spread nor left behind. Yet only hinder the march. Wealth brings care in its train. Pride goes with it. And where there is pride, there can be no real virtue.

What did Christ say of a rich man? "Verily, I say unto you, it is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle, than for rich man to enter the Kingdom of God".

- (i) Riches are called the baggage of virtue. Why?
- (ii) It is difficult for a man of riches to get into the kingdom of God. Why?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer **any six** of the following questions.

27. Fill in the blanks with the correct option

(a) He was asked to take his aged mother to see a _____ physician.

(paediatric / geriatric)

(b) The server at the bank was _____ by cybercriminals.

(morphed / hacked)

(c) Prof. Harvey uses a lot of scientific _____ in his speeches.

(jokes / jargon)

(d) I'm just waiting for my father's nod of _____ so that I can go abroad to work.

(assent / asset)

28. Fill in the blanks with suitable phrases from those given in brackets

(make up, turned up, went off, ran out, called off, look into, look up, look for)

(a) The workers _____ the strike.

(b) The boys _____ at the stroke of the ball.

(c) Surprisingly, very few guests _____ for the wedding.

(d) A bomb _____ near the park yesterday.

29. Correct the error in **four** of the following sentences :

(a) More than one attempt were made to rush on to the stage.

(b) The Central Government not only provided the funds but the personnel also.

(c) His wife, as well as his children are ashamed of him.

(d) John thinks he is superior than everybody else.

30. Fill in the blanks with the correct option

- (a) All kinds of foreign consumer brands are now available at our store, because of the _____ policy (localisation / liberalisation)
- (b) His decision to relocate to his native town was a _____ one.
(judicious / judicial)
- (c) Why don't you _____ me instead of sending long e mails?
(next / text)
- (d) The story is about two families that have an ongoing _____ that goes back three generations. (food / feud)

31. Fill in the blanks with suitable phrases from those given in brackets :

(step down, held up, gave up , cut off, made up, found out)

- (a) The energy company _____ our electricity because we didn't pay.
- (b) I _____ playing football a long time ago because of a knee injury.
- (c) The Prime Minister has decided to _____ after 10 years in office.
- (d) The traffic on the motorway was _____ by construction work.

32. Correct the error, if any, in the section in italics in **four** of the following sentences :

- (a) I have spoken to him, but *what he could do* is another matter.
- (b) Dr. Shah will be leading the surgical team, *will he?*
- (c) I am supposed to join you at two in the afternoon, *aren't I?*
- (d) *Don't she know* that she has a seminar presentation tomorrow?
- (e) *You don't walk* on the grass, the signboard says.

33. Fill in the blanks with the suitable pronouns from those given in brackets :

(they, he, me, our, you, it, they, them, its, mine, him)

- (a) You are stronger than _____
- (b) I looked behind _____
- (c) He said he had reported the incident to two constables but that none of _____ was willing to intervene.
- (d) Nobody but _____ was present.
- (e) There were doors all around the hall, but _____ were all locked.
- (f) My parents like Latin music. The CD is for _____
- (g) Here is another souvenir. I don't know what to do with _____
- (h) Dad is coming with _____ to buy school supplies.

34. Correct the error in the sections in italics :

- (a) She *must has been* on holiday.
- (b) Vani is *as tall as* all other girls in her class.
- (c) Your college is good, but mine *is best*.
- (d) It rains heavily in Assam, *is'nt it?*

35. Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets :

(failure, contact, agonisingly, crash-landed, probe, journeying, successfully)

Over the weekend, India attempted to make history by becoming just the fourth nation to _____ land a _____ on the Moon. It came _____ close, but after _____ millions of kilometres, Vikram lander lost _____ in the final few hundred metres and _____ on the lunar surface. But it would be both unfair and plain wrong to label the mission a _____

36. Fill in the blanks with suitable words from those given in brackets :

(alarmed, embodiment, ambitious, necessities, sceptical, melancholic, improved, revoked)

- (a) The Manager says that the order cannot be _____
- (b) We should use _____ varieties of seeds to increase production of grains.
- (c) Bruto was an unselfish worker. Yet people said that he was _____
- (d) His father is _____ about the son getting a top rank.
- (e) The residents were _____ by the fury of the storm.
- (f) The music had a _____ touch.
- (g) Many of the villages in India do not even have the bare _____ of life.
- (h) Mother Teresa is regarded as an _____ of kindness and love.

37. Read the passage and answer the questions given below :

Raman was a voracious reader and pored eagerly over all books in his father's collection, among which were original writings of great scientists. These books were to him like old friends, never to be forgotten. He once said, 'Out of this welter of subjects and books, can I pick anything really to mould my mental and spiritual outlook and determine my chosen path'?

(i) _____ in the passage means 'highly enthusiastic'.

(ii) 'Pored eagerly over' means _____

- (a) read with great interest (b) studied carefully
(c) both (a) and (b) (d) skimmed trough

(iii) In the given passage, 'mould' is related to

- (a) the smithy (b) pottery
(c) baking (d) character

(iv) 'Welter' means _____

38. Read the passage and answer the questions given below :

There has never been conceived or made by man any instrument, machine or contrivance, capable of such diversity of usefulness as the human hand. Nothing has ever existed with such infinite adaptability to various need, or capable of being trained to such degrees of dexterity and versatility. Nor is it likely that as perfect a machine, will ever be produced by human skill, for the only thing, the human hand cannot do is, to create an instrument as perfect as itself.

(i) Why is the human hand so useful?

(ii) 'Adaptability' means _____

(iii) _____ in the passage means 'an apparatus using mechanical power and having several parts, each with a definite function and together performing a particular task'.

(iv) Can as perfect an instrument as the human hand be ever created by man?

(a) Can be created.

(b) There are similar instruments as useful as the human hand.

(c) Human hand or mind is incapable of making a similar machine as human hand. **(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)**

IV. Answer **any two** of the following questions, choosing **one from each group**.

GROUP – A

39. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below :

Once the casting is done, I am ready to plunge headlong into the business of shooting. The studios of Calcutta show their hallowed past in every crevice in the wall, in every tatter on the canvas that covers the ceiling. Some of the families of rodents that inhabit the rafters have lived there ever since the foundation of the industry. The floor is pitted, the camera groans as it turns, the voltage begins to drop after sundown. The general air of shabbiness is unnerving. And yet I do not mind these at all. I do not think of these as hindrances. After all, we have the essentials to make a film, and it is within us to make it badly or well. It is the bareness of means that forces us to be economical and inventive, and prevents us from turning craftsmanship into an end in itself. And there is something about creating beauty in the circumstances of shoddiness and privation that is truly exciting...Yes, I am happy to be working where I am.

1. 'Plunge headlong into' means _____

(a) dive into water

(b) bang your head

(c) to get fully involved

(d) none of the above

2. 'Hallowed' is closest in meaning to _____

(a) holy

(b) hollow

(c) ancient

(d) unknown

3. _____ is a synonym for 'creative'.
4. Another word from the passage that is close in meaning to 'shabbiness' is _____
5. 'Privation' is a word related to _____
- (a) privatisation (b) privacy
- (c) piracy (d) deprivation
6. 'Tattered' is related _____
- (a) paper (b) cloth
- (c) noise (d) music
7. The word opposite in meaning to the word 'pitted' is
- (a) smooth (b) rough
- (c) full of holes (d) clean
8. The word that is spelt correctly is
- (a) privetisation (b) shoddiness
- (c) craftsmanship (d) crivice
9. The word that is spelt wrongly is : _____
- (a) ceiling (b) voltage
- (c) hinderance (d) business

Find the synonym of the words in Italics :

10. She cried *copious* tears when she lost her new shoes.

- (a) vast (b) copying
(c) plentiful (d) messy

11. They burned the *effigy* of the despot in the town square.

- (a) dummy (b) poster
(c) reflection (d) statue

Find the antonyms of the words in italics :

12. February 14 was set as a *tentative* date for the wedding.

- (a) temporary (b) final
(c) casual (d) convenient

13. I must say you look very *urbane* in this suit.

- (a) elegant (b) slow
(c) crude (d) foolish

Choose the most suitable one-word substitute for the phrase in italics :

14. Satyajit Ray is a world famous Bengali *film director who is involved in all the audio-visual elements of his films.*

- (a) producer (b) actor
(c) author (d) auteur

15. Find the meaning of the word 'hindrance' from the passage given above and use it in a sentence of your own.

40. Spot the error in the underlined sections in the following sentences. If there is no error, the answer is 'd'

1. You may go to your classes now, The Teacher said. No error

a b c d

2. Ravi asked Megha whether she is submitted her assignment

a b

the class teacher. No error

c d

3. 'I will not go into the hall until Resmi comes', said Jyothi. No error.

a b c d

4. 'Where did you lose your purse', asked my mother. No error.

a b c d

5. The group promised that they would meet again next year. No error

a b c d

6. Twenty hundred weights make one ton. No Error.

a b c d

7. All the three commander-in chiefs are meeting the President today.

a b c

No error.

d

8. I who your leader will give the signal. No error.

a b c d

9. Nothing is given for nothing. No error.

a b c d

10. Let you and he go together. No error.

a b c d

11. He failed in he attempted. No error.

a b c d

12. He knows better than to quarrel. No error.

a b c d

13. Few Indian towns are so big as Madras. No error.

a b c d

14. Why should I suspected by you. No error.

a b c d

15. Either he or I are mistaken. No error.

a b c d

41. Read the passage and answer the questions given below :

Monday morning found Tom Sawyer miserable. Monday morning always found him so- because it began another week's slow suffering in school. He generally began that day with wishing he had had no intervening holiday, it made the going into captivity and fetters again so much more odious. Tom lay thinking. Presently it occurred to him that he wished he was sick; then he could stay home from school. Here was a vague possibility. He canvassed his system. No ailment was found, and he investigated again. This time he thought he could detect colicky symptoms, and he began to encourage them with considerable hope. But they soon grew feeble, and presently died wholly away. He reflected further. Suddenly he discovered something. One of his upper front teeth was loose. This was lucky; he was about to begin to groan as a 'starter', as he called it, when it occurred to him that if he came into court with that argument, his aunt would pull it out, and that would hurt. So he thought he would hold the tooth in reserve for the present, and seek further. Nothing offered for some little time, and then he remembered hearing the doctor tell about certain thing that laid up a patient for two or three weeks and threatened to make him lose a finger. So the boy eagerly drew his sore toe from under the sheet and held it up for inspection. But now he did not know the necessary symptoms. However, it seemed well worthwhile to chance it, so he fell to groaning with considerable spirit.

1. The word 'reflected' in the passage is closest in meaning to :
 - (a) consider
 - (b) echoed
 - (c) returned
 - (d) replicated

2. The phrase 'canvassing the system' in the passage means :
 - (a) appeal
 - (b) campaign
 - (c) fight
 - (d) check

3. The word in the passage which is the opposite of 'pleasing' is :
 - (a) suffering
 - (b) intervening
 - (c) colicky
 - (d) odious

4. Identify the statement which is true :
 - (a) Tom thought it was bad luck to have a shaky front tooth
 - (b) Tom hated being sick
 - (c) Tom began to encourage the colicky pain with hope
 - (d) None of the above

5. Monday morning found Tom Sawyer miserable. Why?
 - (a) Tom was feeling colicky
 - (b) Tom had a tooth ache
 - (c) Tom was scared of going to the doctor
 - (d) Tom did not like going to school

6. Why did Tom wish he had had no intervening holiday?
 - (a) It made going back to school so much more hateful
 - (b) Tom did not want to stay at home
 - (c) School was always great fun for Tom
 - (d) All of the above

7. "Ailment" means _____
8. The synonym for "fettters" is
 - (a) fritters
 - (b) chains
 - (c) fight
 - (d) check
9. By which phrase does Tom describe his experience in school?
10. The word "sore" in the phrase "sore toe" means
 - (a) big
 - (b) broken
 - (c) letters
 - (d) none of the above
11. Why did Tom canvass his system?
12. Why did Tom hold up the sore toe for inspection?
13. What was the 'starter' for Tom Sawyer?
14. Based on the incident mentioned here, comment briefly on the character of Tom Sawyer?
15. Suggest a suitable title for the passage.

GROUP – B

42. Answer **all** the following questions :

Fill in the blanks with suitable **tense** forms of the verbs given in brackets :

1. Nadella _____ (choose) to join Microsoft because he _____ (want) to make a difference.
2. It _____ (be) an honour for him to lead and serve the company.
3. We _____ (go) for a movie yesterday. _____ (Do) you _____ (know) that my friend's daughter _____ (act) in that movie? She _____ (play) the role of the heroine's younger sister, but it _____ (be) an important role. None of us _____ (expect) her to do so well, but she _____ (do) a great job. I _____ (hear) that she even _____ (win) an award for her role. Our club _____ (host) a reception for her when she _____ (come) to our town next month.

Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions :

4. He warned you _____ the danger, but you did not listen _____ him.
 5. France is famous _____ its perfumes. You are looking _____ some _____ the most expensive brands available _____ this country.
 6. This company deals _____ electronic goods. Ajay's been working here as Manager _____ two years now.
 7. Rewrite the following sentence into active voice :
 - (a) Cricket is played in most countries today.
 - (b) Will you be supported by your friends in this venture?
43. Read the passage and answer the questions given below :

Muhammad Yunus, the founder of Grameen Bank, is a Bangladeshi banker, author and economist whose focus on microcredit and microfinance concepts led to him being awarded the Nobel Prize in 2006 for efforts to create economic and social development from below'. Yunus was born in 28 June 1940 in Chittagong. His father was jeweler and his mother was his role model; a women who helped anyone that knocked on their door. After high school and college, Yunus completed his PhD in Economics in the US and worked as an assistant professor of Economics till 1972, when he returned to Bangladesh. It was during this time that Yunus would stumble across an idea that lead to him helping millions of poverty people and would lead to him being awarded the Nobel Prize.

In 1974, Bangladesh suffered from a famine, resulting from rain and massive flooding that devastated crops. And the people of Bangladesh received no relief or aid from other countries. Yunus began to be actively involved in poverty reduction. He established a rural economic program as a research project and visited the poorest households in a village near Chittagong. He interviewed a woman who was making bamboo stools and learnt that she was being charged

7. The word that is the antonym of 'urban' is _____
8. 'Exhibition of ' means _____
- (A) Display (B) Open Mindedness
(C) Expression (D) None of the above
9. The wrongly spelt word is :
- (A) Exorbitant (B) Advantageus
(C) Microcredit (D) Potential
10. The correctly spelt word is :
- (A) Povertystruck (B) Exhibition
(C) Famin (D) Poverty Stricken
11. I suppose the headmaster himself will _____ the matter now.
- (A) Look into (B) Look at
(C) Look out for (D) Look up
12. In spite of our best efforts at secrecy, my mother _____ our plans for a surprise party.
- (A) Turn up (B) Got wind of
(C) Caught up with (D) Wound up
13. A person who studies human cultures and societies is _____
- (A) A philologist (B) An archaeologist
(C) An anthropologist (D) A linguist
14. Correct the spelling of the following word and make a sentence of your own 'necessity'.

Find the antonyms of the words in italics :

15. *Escalating* prices cause hardship to the poor

- (A) Fixed (B) Falling
(C) Reasonable (D) Fluctuating

44. Answer **all** the following questions :

Fill in the blanks with suitable modal auxiliaries from the list given below :

(will, would, should, can, must, might, need, dare, used to)

1. Sara _____ to do some exercises for her shoulder, otherwise she _____ need a surgery.
2. You _____ have spoken rudely to her, otherwise she _____ not have left soon.
3. _____ you sing a song for Tara's birthday? You _____ sing so well when we were in school.
4. I _____ not climb up the hill, it _____ be slippery after such heavy rain.
5. _____ you be coming tomorrow? We really _____ complete that file.

Complete the following sentences with suitable verbs and corresponding question tags :

6. You aren't coming to college tomorrow, _____?
7. Rahman _____ the boy who stood first in class, isn't he?
8. Jaya goes to the library every Saturday, _____?
9. Let us all go for a movie next Sunday, _____?
10. _____ as tall as Rosy, aren't I?

Insert the adverb given in brackets in the correct position in the sentence :

11. She impressed him by her singing. (greatly)
12. There was nothing to do but wait for the next bus to arrive. (else)
13. He admires my clothes. (always)
14. This room is big enough for all of us to sleep in. (enough)
15. The new tax structure is tough on the middle classes. (rather)

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

(Pages : 3)

K – 2510

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2021

Career Related First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

Group 2(a) — Journalism and Mass Communication and Video Production

Vocational Course — IV

JC 1372 — INTRODUCTION TO TELEVISION PRODUCTION

(2015 – 2018 Admission)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

- I. Answer all the ten questions, each one in one or two sentences :
1. Idiot Box
 2. SECAM
 3. Steady cam
 4. Vox Pop
 5. Lavelier Microphone
 6. Color Temperature
 7. Aperture
 8. Non-linear Editing

P.T.O.

9. Jump Cut
10. Mise-en-scene

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Write short notes, not exceeding sixty words, on **any eight** of the following :

11. Single Camera Production
12. Timecode
13. Teleprompter
14. Visual Grammar
15. Shooting Script
16. Jimmy Jib
17. Role of Assistance Director
18. Establishing Shot
19. News Room
20. File Footage
21. Character Generator
22. Insert Editing

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Write short essays, each not exceeding **120** words, on **any six** of the following :

23. Compare electronic news gathering and electronic field production.
24. What are the factors to be considered while writing for television?
25. Explain the studio operations in television production.

26. Discuss the various type of lighting in video production.
27. What are different types of sounds that are used in television production?
28. What are visual effects? Give examples.
29. Explain the use of animation in television programme production.
30. "Reality show is a popular format of television programme today". Give reasons.
31. Distinguish online and offline video editing process.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Write long essays, each not exceeding **500** words, on **any two** of the following :

32. Describe the growth and development of Doordharshan in India.
33. Explain the characteristics of shots in TV Production.
34. Describe the pre-production stages of a television interview.
35. The role of editing softwares in TV.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

(Pages : 3)

K – 2508

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2021

Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS

Group 2(a) : Journalism and Mass Communication and Video Production

Core Course IV

JC 1341 : MAGAZINE JOURNALISM

(2015 – 2018 Admission)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

1. Answer all questions, each in a word or a maximum of 30 words.

1. What is bleed?
2. What do you mean by style book?
3. Explain the concept, split edition.
4. Write on the aspect of periodicity of magazines.
5. What do you mean by paparazzi?
6. Write on the etymology of the word, 'magazine'.
7. Give names of three weekly English news magazines in India.
8. What do you mean by a literary magazine?
9. What do you mean by E-zine?
10. Write a thumb-nail sketch on Vinod Mehta.

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

P.T.O.

II. Write short notes, each not exceeding **60** words, on **any eight** of the following.

11. Info graphics.
12. Write on a small note on 'column'.
13. Write a note on travel magazines in Malayalam.
14. Explain the significance of magazines in India with examples.
15. What do you mean by an in-house magazine?
16. Explain magazine specialization.
17. The importance of interviews in magazine journalism.
18. What are the things needed to be considered when design a magazine?
19. Explain the infotainment value of children's magazines in Malayalam.
20. What do you mean by photo essay?
21. How does a magazine different from a newspaper?
22. What do you mean by typography?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Write short essays, each not exceeding **120** words, on **any six** of the following.

23. What are the qualities of a magazine journalist? Explain.
24. Write on the importance of photographs in magazines. What are the major photo editing techniques? Explain.
25. What are the different types of feature stories that appear in a general interest magazine? Explain.

26. What are the different writing styles? Explain in relation to magazine journalism.
27. "Magazines are the most advertising friendly medium". Explain.
28. What do you mean by subscription live?
29. How writing in magazine is different from writing in newspaper? Explain.
30. What are the challenges faced by magazine journalism today?
31. Write a note on the new trends in magazine journalism.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

IV. Write long essays, on **any two** of the following.

32. How does technology affect the printing style of magazines? Explain. Also write on the role of new media and its relationship with magazine journalism.
33. Critically evaluate any one of the regular columns in an English news magazine.
34. Write a detailed profile on any one of the following personalities
 - (a) P.V. Sindhu.
 - (b) Joshy, Veteran Malayalam film director
 - (c) Amithabh Bachan
 - (d) Sushama Swaraj.
35. Write a detailed note on different types on magazines with examples.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

(Pages : 3)

K – 2509

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2021

Career Related First Degree Programme under CBCSS

**Group 2(a) Journalism and Mass Communication and Video Production
Vocational Course III**

JC 1371 : PHOTO JOURNALISM

(2015 – 2018 Admission)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART – A

I. Answer all the **ten** questions, each one in or two sentences :

1. Define "f stops" in photography.
2. Who made the first advancement in color photography?
3. What aperture does in a camera control?
4. What is the use of the view finder in DSLR camera?
5. Explain the term amateur photographer.
6. What is a flash? Why it is used for?
7. What is the focal length of a standard lens?
8. What is the use of Photoshop in photography?

P.T.O.

9. What do you mean by pixel and resolution?
10. In a photograph, what causes red eye?

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

PART – B

II. Write short notes, not exceeding sixty words, on **any eight** of the following.

11. Nicephore Niepce
12. Camera Obscura
13. Focal Length
14. Unit for measurement for light
15. Megapixel
16. Portrait Photography
17. Posed Picture
18. Documentary Photography
19. Digital Darkroom
20. Photo feature
21. Adobe Photoshop
22. What are the basic principles of photography?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

PART – C

- III. Write short essays, each not exceeding **120** words, on **any six** of the following.
23. What is the difference between refraction and diffraction of light?
 24. Which tool in image editing software is used for selecting a specific area and color?
 25. What is shutter speed? How it is important for a photographer?
 26. Mention the advantages of 'Point and Shoot' camera.
 27. What is 'Depth of Field'? Explain the factors affecting "Depth of Field"?
 28. What is "Composition"? Explain any three rule/types of composition in photography.
 29. What is white balancing? Explain its significance.
 30. What is negative space in photograph? Give examples.
 31. How do high and low key determine a photograph's ambience?

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

PART – D

- IV. Write long essays, each not exceeding **500** words, on **any two** of the following.
32. How is a news picture different from a normal picture? Explain with suitable examples.
 33. Critically analyse the qualities and responsibilities of a photojournalist.
 34. Elucidate the uses and functions of various lenses used in digital photography.
 35. Digital camera is always more advantageous than Film Camera. Comment.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

(Pages : 4)

K – 2536

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A. Degree Examination, March 2021

Career Related First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

Group 2(a) — Journalism & Mass Communication and Video Production

Foundation Course — II

JC 1321 — RADIO BROADCASTING

(2019 Admission Regular)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

PART A

Answer **all** questions, each in a word or maximum of **30** words.

1. Stereo
2. Who is the Union Minister for Information and Broadcasting at present?
3. Podcasting
4. Prasar Bharati
5. AIR
6. Guglielmo Marconi

P.T.O.

7. Hertz
8. MP3
9. Amplitude
10. WAV

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

PART B

Write short notes, each not exceeding **60** words, on **any eight** of the following.

11. What is a console?
12. Define Acoustic.
13. What is signal?
14. Define transmitter.
15. What is RAM?
16. Define dead air.
17. What is streaming audio?
18. What is audacity?
19. What is ambience?
20. Define long wave.
21. What is timbre?
22. What is radio drama?

23. What is Bluetooth?
24. What is rhythm?
25. What is community radio?
26. What is Vividh Bharati?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

PART C

Write short essays, each not exceeding **120** words, on **any six** of the following.

27. Write a short note on All India Radio.
28. Give a short note on the history of radio medium in India.
29. Explain about microphones.
30. Explain the characteristics of Radio Medium.
31. What is satellite radio?
32. What are the differences of AM and FM?
33. Give various radio programme genres.
34. What are the processes of radio documentary production?
35. What is docu-drama?
36. Explain the structure of news bulletin.
37. Give short note on various audio recording softwares.
38. Explain about audio mixing and dubbing process.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

PART D

Write long essays for **any two** of the following.

39. Elaborate the sound editing process while doing live shows.
40. Explain about the digital audio broadcasting.
41. Explain the functions of audio meter.
42. Discuss about the various sound effects and its functions.
43. Discuss about the different equipment using in audio production.
44. Explain in detail about synchronization.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)

Reg. No. :

Name :

Third Semester B.A./B.Sc. Degree Examination, March 2021

First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

English – (Language Course)

EN 1311.1/EN 1311.3 : WRITING AND PRESENTATION SKILLS

(Common for B.A./B.Sc. and Career related 2(a))

(2015 – 2018 Admissions)

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 80

I. Answer **all** questions, each in a word or a sentence.

(A) Rewrite the following sentences, correcting the errors if any.

1. Everybody in the class know the answer
2. I prefer coffee than tea.
3. The doors will opened at 10 am on Friday.
4. The group of girls were making a lot of noise.
5. The meeting lasted for the hour and an half.

(B) Write one synonym each for the following words :

6. Acquit
7. Reliable

8. Valid
9. Peculiar
10. Unbelievable

(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)

II. Answer any **eight**, each in a short paragraph not exceeding **50** words.

11. Define writing.
12. Define collocation.
13. What is syntax?
14. What is brain storming?
15. What are the two parts of an email?
16. Why is clustering important?
17. What is a topic sentence? Explain its importance.
18. What are the features of good report?
19. What are emoticons?
20. Define “terms of reference”.
21. What are the different types official letters?
22. What is a precis?

(8 × 2 = 16 Marks)

III. Answer any **six**, each in a paragraph not exceeding **100** words.

23. Write about the different stages of writing.
24. Write one mail to the editor of a popular newspaper stressing the importance of maintaining social distancing during COVID-19 times.

25. Write a persuasive paragraph on the benefits of exercise.
26. Write a paragraph on E-mail Netiquette.
27. Write a letter to the principal of a college, making an enquiry about the courses offered there.
28. You have lost your mobile. Write an e-mail to the service provider requesting them to block the SIM card.
29. Write about the different types of questions used while conducting surveys.
30. How will you manage your stage fright during a presentation?
31. Write a precis of the following passage reducing it to one third of its length.

When we survey our lives and efforts, we soon observe that almost the whole of our actions and desires are bound up with the existence of other human beings. We notice that whole nature resembles that of the social animals. We eat food that others have produced, wear clothes that others have made, live in houses that others have built. The greater part of our knowledge and beliefs has been passed on to us by other people though the medium of a language which others have created. Without language and mental capacities, we would have been poor indeed comparable to higher animals.

We have, therefore, to admit that we owe our principal knowledge over the least to the fact of living in human society. The individual if left alone from birth would remain primitive and beast like in his thoughts and feelings to a degree that we can hardly imagine. The individual is what he is and has the significance that he has, not much in virtue of the individuality, but rather as a member of a great human community, which directs his material and spiritual existence from the cradle to grave.

(6 × 4 = 24 Marks)

- IV. Answer any **two**, each in about **two** or **three** pages.
32. Write an essay on "The importance of Reading".
 33. Write a letter to a relative, describing your college and the course you are attending at present.

34. Prepare a presentation (including 10 slides) on the topic "Water Pollution".
35. Prepare a report on some of the environmental protection activities taken up by the Nature Club in your college.

(2 × 15 = 30 Marks)
